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NOVOL

EPOXY PRIMER SPRAY

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

EPOXY PRIMER SPRAY

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Epoxy primer, spray version, for professional use in car refinish.

1.3. Data of the supplier Safety Data Sheet

 NOVOL Sp. z o.o.
 Tel: +48 61 810-98-00

 Ul. Żabikowska 7/9
 Fax:+48 61 810-98-09

 PL 62-052 Komorniki
 www.novol.pl

 Registration numer: 000024104
 novol@novol.pl

Person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet dokumentacja@novol.pl

1.4. Emergency telephone number +48 61 810-99-09 (from 7.00 to 15.00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture was classified as dangerous pursuant to current regulations - see Section 15.

Classification 1272/2008/EC:

Aerosols, hazard category 1. Extremely flammable aerosol.

Aerosols, hazard categories 1. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Eye irritant hazard category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2). Causes serious eye irritation.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3, Aquatic Chronic 3.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements:

Pictograms:

Contains: Acetone; Dimethyl ether





Signal word: Danger

H222 Extremely flammableaerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P102 Keep out of the reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260 Do not breathe vapours/spray.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/

face protection.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding

50°C/122°F.

2.3. Other hazards

No available data.

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

Product identifier EPOXY PRIMER SPRAY

Substance name	Identification numbers	Classification and marking	Concentration [wt%]
Dimethyl ether	EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6 Index no.: 603-019-00-8 Registration no.: 01- 2119472128-37-XXXX	Classification 1272/2008/EC: Flam. Gas. 1; H220; Press. Gas.H280	25-50
Acetone	EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index no.: 606-001-00-8 Registration no.: 01- 2119471330-49-XXXX	Classification 1272/2008/EC: Flam. Liq. 2; H225; Eye Irrit.2; H319; STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	25-50
Xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index no.: 601-022-00-9 Registration no.: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	Classification 1272/2008/EC: Flam. Liq. 3; H226; Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit.2; H315	<10
Propan-2-ol	WE: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index no.: 603-117-00-0 Registration no.: 01- 2119457558-25-XXXX	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	<10
Zinc oxide	WE: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index no: 030-013-00-7 Registration no	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	<=0,5

The full text of the hazard statements (H) is provided in Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

See section 11 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Take the victim outside into fresh air, ensure quiet surrounding; in case of no breath, apply artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse contaminated skin with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 minutes. If irritation persists, consult a doctor.

Rinse immediately with plenty of lukewarm water for about 15 minutes, avoid strong water jet-risk of cornea damage, consult a doctor.

Alimentary tract:

Do not provoke vomiting (choking risk). Rinse mouth with water. If conscious, administer 1-2 glasses of warm water. Call a doctor.

Person giving first aid should wear medical gloves.



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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Repeated exposure might cause skin dryness or rupture.

4.3. Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Special measures allowing for specialist and immediate aid should be available in the place of work.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Powder, foam resistant to alcohols, carbon dioxide, water mist.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire may cause generation of carbon monoxide and other toxic gases.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting teams should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and light protective clothing. Cool adjacent tanks by spraying water at a safe distance.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For persons not being the members of aid giving staff:

Eliminate sources of ignition. Ensure sufficient ventilation of the room. Avoid direct contact with the released substance. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Personal protection measures - section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

For persons giving aid:

Persons giving aid should wear protective clothing made of coated, impregnated fabric, protective gloves (viton), tight protective glasses and breathing apparatus: gas mask with A type absorber.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leakage (close the liquid inflow, seal), place damaged container in an emergency container, remove the liquid mechanically and place it in an emergency container. In case of large leakage, embank the area. In case of small amounts, collect with the use of a binding agent (e.g. mica, diatomaceous earth, sand).

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal protection measures - see section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

Disposal considerations - see section 13 of the Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE OF THE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Pressurized container: Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from source of ignition - No smoking. Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil. Use in well ventilated rooms. Do not smoke. Do not inhale fumes. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Use personal protection measures - section 8 of the Safety Data Sheet.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from source of ignition - No smoking. Keep out of the reach of children Do not store near large amounts of organic peroxides and other strong oxidants. Take precaution measures against electrostatic discharge. Store in cool, well ventilated rooms.

7.3. Special end use(s)

For professional use in car refinish taking into consideration the information included in subsections 7.1 and 7.2.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Xylene CAS 1330-20-7 according to:

MAK: 100ppm, MAK: 440 mg/m³, 2(II),DFG, H TRGS 900:

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

TWA 50 mg/m³, 220mg/m³, STEL 100ppm, 441 mg/m³, Sk, BMGV [NOHSC:1003(1995)]:

Acetone CAS 67-64-1 according to:

MAK: 500ppm, MAK: 1200 mg/m3, 2(I), DFG TRGS 900:

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003(1995)]: TWA 500 ppm- 1210 mg/m³, STEL 1500ppm, 3620 mg/m³

Dimethyl ether CAS 115-10-6 according to:

TRGS 900: MAK: 1000ppm, MAK: 1900 mg/m³, 8(II),DFG

Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

TWA 400 ppm⁻, 766 mg/m³, STEL 500ppm, 958 mg/m³ [NOHSC:1003(1995)]:

8.2. Exposure control

Respiratory tract protection:

Gas mask with A type absorber (EN 141).

Hand protection:

Protective gloves PN-EN 374-3 (viton, 0.7 mm thick, penetration time > 480 min; butyl rubber, 0.5mm thick, penetration time

>480min.)

Eye protection:

Tight protective glasses.

Skin protection:

Proper protective clothing (coated impregnated fabrics).

Workplace:

Fixed fume extraction and general ventilation.

Environmental exposure control:

Prevent leakage to the sewage system, surface waters, underground waters and soil.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid in aerosol

Colour according to the specyfication

Odour strong, powerful

Odour threshold no data рΗ not applicable Melting/freezing point not applicable Boiling point not applicable Flash point not applicable Autoignition point not applicable Breakdown point no data Evaporation rate not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) 240°C

Explosion limits % lower: 2.6 vol% upper: 26.2 vol%

4000 hPa (20°C) Vapour pressure

Vapour density (with regard to air) no data

Density about 0.8 g/cm3 (20°C)

Solubility (in water) poor

N-octanol/water division ratio not applicable Viscosity (rotation rheometer) not applicable Explosive properties no data Oxidizing properties not applicable

9.2 Other informations

No available data.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

The product is not reactive under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product remains stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition.

10.4. Conditions to be avoided

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from source of ignition - No smoking. Keep out of the reach of children.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with large amounts of organic peroxides, strong acids and bases as well as other strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and other toxic gases are generated as a result of thermal decomposition.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation was performed based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

a) Acute toxicity

Xylene	LD_{50} (rat, oral)	5000 mg/kg
	1.0 (4550 /41

LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation) 4550 ppm/4h

Acetone LD₅₀ (rat, oral) 5800 mg/kg

LD₅₀ (rabbit, skin) 20000 mg/kg 39 mg/ m³/4h LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation)

LC₅₀ (rat, inhalation) Dimethyl ether 308 mg/ m³/4h

b) Skin corrosion/irritation

No available data confirming the hazard class.

c) serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

The mixture has not been classified as allergenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

e) germ cell mutagenicity

The mixture has not been classified as mutagenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

f) carcinogenicity

The mixture has not been classified as cancerogenic. No available data confirming the hazard class.

g) reproductive toxicity

The mixture has not been classified as having any harmful effect on reproduction. No available data confirming the hazard class.

h) STOT-single exposure

No available data confirming the hazard class.

i) STOT- repeated exposure

No available data confirming the hazard class.

j) aspiration hazard

No available data confirming the hazard class.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure methods:

Inhalation: May cause irritation. Skin: May cause irritation.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

If swallowed, the substance may cause irritation of the alimentary tract, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Poisoning symptoms:

Headache and vertigo, fatigue, decreased muscle power, drowsiness and, in exceptional instances, loss of consciousness.

Fumes might cause drowsiness and vertigo. Repeated exposure might cause skin dryness or rupture.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental data available on the preparation. Evaluation was performed based on the data on dangerous ingredients included in the preparation.

12.1. Toxicity

Acetone Daphnia magna EC50 (48h) 39 mg/l

Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances: 6

Water hazard class: 1

Daphnia magna EC50 (48h) >4000 mg/l Dimethyl ether

Xylene Daphnia magna EC50 (48hours.) > 7.4 mg/l

Evaluation indicator of acute toxicity for mammals: 3; for fish: 4.1 Number in the catalogue of water hazardous substances: 206

Water hazard class:

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No available data.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No available data.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Product very poorly soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No available data.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The product must be disposed of in compliance with proper local and statutory regulations with regard to waste - see point 15. The product should be disposed with entities which are authorised to conduct activity in the area of collecting, recycling or utilization of waste.

Product remains:

Do not dispose the product into the sewage system. Do not store with communal waste. Remove the remains of the mixture carefully and leave to dry only in good ventilated rooms. The dried product is not harmful waste.

CAUTION: The remains should be dried in small portions. Keep them away from flammable products. High amounts of heat are released during chemical reaction!

Contaminated container:

A container containing unhardened remains of the product is harmful waste. Do not store with communal waste. The contaminated container should be disposed with entities which are authorized to collection, recover or disposal.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

		ADR/RID	IMO/IMGD	IATA-DGR
14.1.	UN number	1950	1950	1950
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	A	AEROSOLS, flammable	
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2
14.4.	Packaging group			
14.5.	Environmental hazards			

14.6. Special precautions for user

Do not transport together with materials of class 1 (excluding materials of class 1.4S) and some materials of classes 4.1 and 5.2. During transport, avoid direct contact with materials of classes 5.1 and 5.2. Do not use an open flame and do not smoke.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL Convention and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Regulation 2006/1907/WE CLP - Regulation 1272/2008/WE

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not performed

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Relevant hazard statements listed in Sections 2 to 15:

Flam. Liq.2 Flammable liquid. Category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

STOT SE 3 Toxic effect on target organs - single exposure, category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Flam. Gas. 1 Flammable gas. Category 1

H220 Extremely flammable gas

Press. Gas Pressurized gas

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Flam. Liq.3 Flammable liquid. Category 3

H226Flammable liquid and vapour

Acute Tox. 4; Acute toxicity. Category 4

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

Skin Irrit. 2 Corrosive/irritating effect on skin. Category 2

H315 Causes skin irritation

Eye Irrit.2 Eye irritation. Category 2

H319 Causes serious eve irritation

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment. Category 2

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Abbreviations and acronyms:

CAS no. – a numerical symbol ascribed to a chemical substance by the American organization, Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS).

EC no. – a number ascribed to a chemical substance in the European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS), or a number in the "No-longer polymers" publication listed European INventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS).

MPC - (Poland: NDS) maximum permissible concentration of health hazardous substances in the work place.

MPIC - (Poland: NDSCh) maximum permissible instantaneous concentration.

MPCC – (Poland: NDSP) maximum permissible ceiling concentration.

PCB – (Poland: DSB) permissible concentration in biological material.

UN number - four-digit identification number of a substance, preparation or product pursuant to UN model regulations.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR - European agreement on international road transport of hazardous materials.

IMO - International Marine Organization.

RID – Regulations for international rail transport of hazardous materials.

IMDG-Code – International Marine Code for Dangerous Materials.

ICAO /IATA - Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

The information is based on our current knowledge. This document shall not constitute warranty for product characteristics. Classification was made by calculation method according to the classification rules contained in Regulation 1272/2008/WE.

EPOXY PRIMER SPRAY

Other sources of information

ECHA European Chemicals Agency **TOXNET** Toxicology Data Network **IUCLID** International Uniform Chemical Information Database

Changes: General update

Trainings:

With regard to handling, health and safety while working with hazardous substances and mixtures. With regard to transport of hazardous goods pursuant to the requirements of ADR regulations.